

7.1.

$$I = \int_0^{2L} f(x) dx.$$

$$1 = \int_0^2 \int_0^{2/\pi} \frac{1}{2} \frac{\pi}{2} du dv.$$

$$\int_0^2 \int_0^{2/\pi} \mathbb{1}(v \leq f(u)) \frac{1}{2} \frac{\pi}{2} du dv.$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^2 \int_0^{f(u)} du dv.$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^2 f(u) du$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{4} \int_0^2 f(u) du$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{4} I$$

$$I = \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^{2^{2/\pi}} \int_0^{2^{2/\pi} - f(u)} \mathbb{1}(v \leq f(u)) \frac{1}{2^2} du dv$$

$$= \frac{4}{\pi} \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{1}(v \leq f(u)))$$

$u \perp v$
 $u \sim U_{[0,2]}$ $v \sim U_{[0,2]}$

$$I = \frac{4}{\pi} \text{prop}(\{(u_i, v_i) : v_i \leq f(u_i)\})$$

$I = \frac{2}{\pi}$
 $1 = \int_0^2 \int_0^{2-f(u)} \frac{1}{2^2} du dv$
 $= \frac{1}{2^2} \int_0^2 (2-u) du$



$$I = E\left(\frac{g(x)}{f_x(x)}\right)$$

Lea LGN s'applique.

$$\text{Si } E\left(\left|\frac{g(x)}{f_x(x)}\right|\right) < +\infty$$

$$\left|\frac{g(x)}{f_x(x)}\right| = \frac{|g(x)|}{f_x(x)}$$

$$E\left(\frac{|g(x)|}{f_x(x)}\right)$$

$$\int_{\Delta} \frac{|g(x)|}{f_x(x)} f_x(x) dx$$

$$= \int_{\Delta} |g(x)| dx < \infty$$

cf. hyp de
dépend
sing.